

7.3.9 Editors - 3D View - Sidebar - Tool Tab - Mesh - Weight Paint Mode

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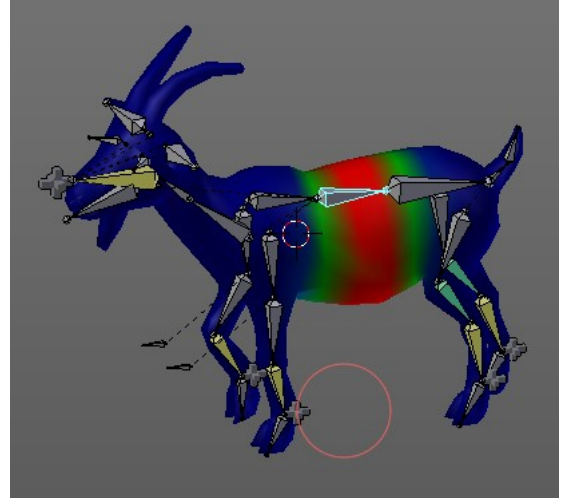
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Tools tab in Weight Paint Mode

The Tools tab in Weight Paint Mode provides you the tools to do weight painting at a mesh. Skinned characters for example.

The vertices becomes a "weighting" assigned in this process. Means a per centage influence of the bone to a vertice. And under the hood you create vertex groups with the vertices that are assigned to the bones.

The amount of influence is defined by the weight paint color. Pure red has an influence value of 1. Pure blue has an influence value of 0. And the gradients between red and blue defines the inbetween steps in the 0-1 range. This is needed since there can be more than one bone influence and deform a vertice. Usually at the transition areas between two bones. The green areas in this shot.



The Weight Paint mode is just available for mesh objects.

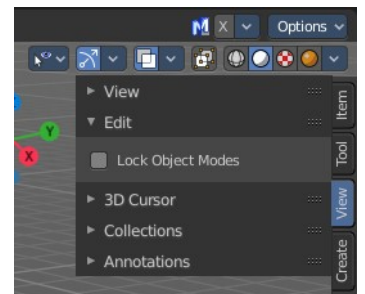
Weight painting at characters

The main purpose for Weightpainting is to weight the skin for characters. So that they deform proper when you pose your armature.

Skinning

To do weightpainting at a character you first have to assign the mesh to the armature. This process is called skinning. The mesh becomes the "skin" for the skeleton.

Let's do a quick run through skinning. You can skin in Object Mode. But also from Pose Mode. Lock Object Modes needs to be unticked to get it to work from Pose Mode, which it is by default. In case you have it on, untick it now.



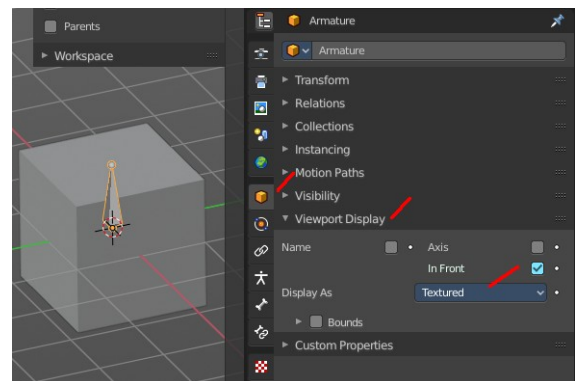
Create an object, create a armature.

First we activate Display "in Front" for the armature. So that we can still see the armature inside of the mesh.

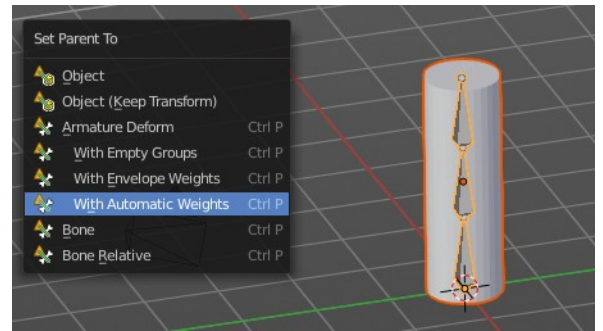
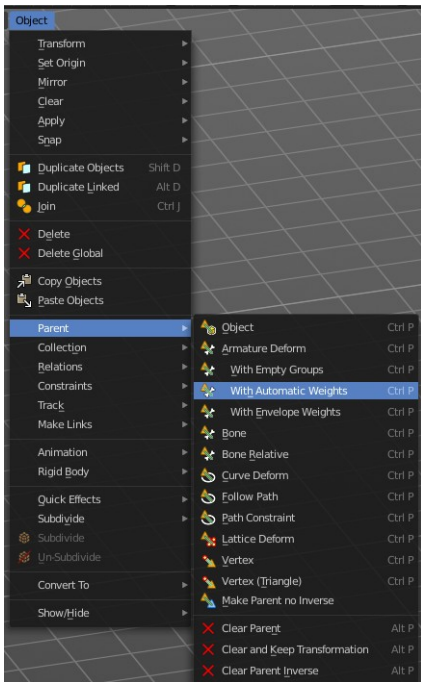
Position the mesh at its final location.

Now select the Mesh, hold down Shift key, and select the Armature. Both should be selected now.

Dive into the Object menu in the header of the 3D view, and search for Parent, with automatic weights. You can also press the hotkey Ctrl P. This calls the parenting menu under the mouse position.

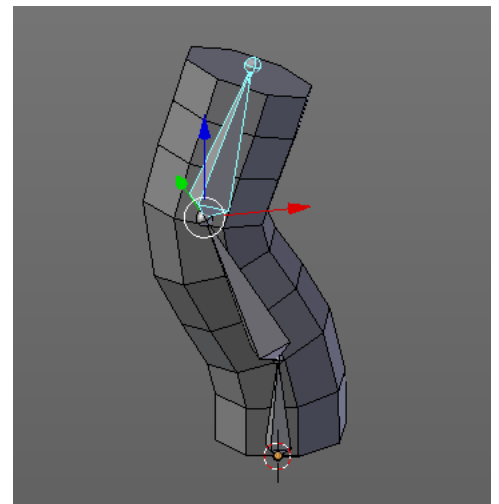


Here we choose "With Automatic Weights". Automatic weighting means that the bones grabs the nearest vertices within a given radius, and assigns them to this bone.



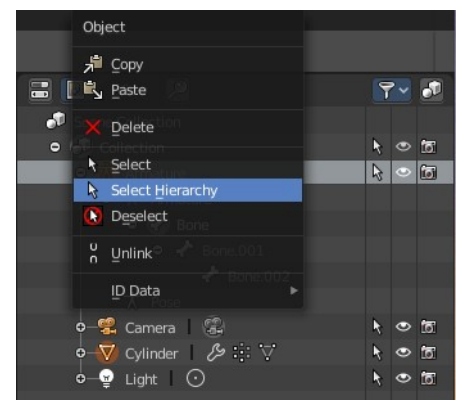
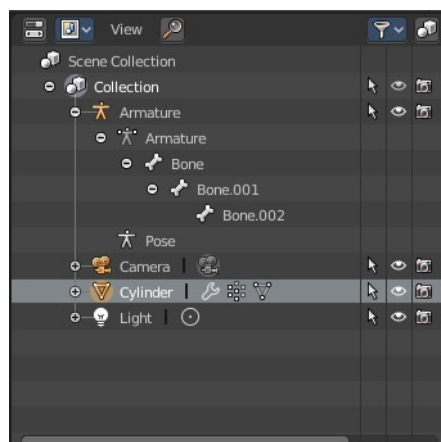
When everything went well then the mesh, in our case the Cylinder, is now part of the hierarchy of the armature.

And when you select the armature, and switch to Pose mode now, then you can already deform the mesh by posing the armature.



Note that currently the outliner does not indicate the hierarchy anymore. In former versions the cylinder became part of the armature when you parented it together. In the current version the cylinder remains where it is.

You can however select the whole hierarchy in the right click menu. And put it into a own collection for example.



Enter and leave Weight painting

Weight painting should happen in Pose mode so that you can pose your mesh to see the resulting deformings.

With the armature in Pose mode, select the mesh by clicking at it. Then enter Weight Paint mode. You can now do weight painting at the mesh.

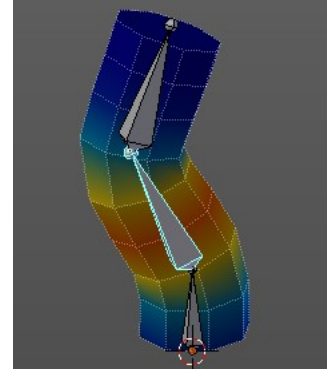
To leave Weight painting, simply switch back to Object mode. Or select the armature in the outliner.

Switch bones

The weighting that gets displayed when you enter Weight Paint mode is from the last active bone. So that's one method to define the bone that you want to weight paint. But you can also switch bones while in weight painting.

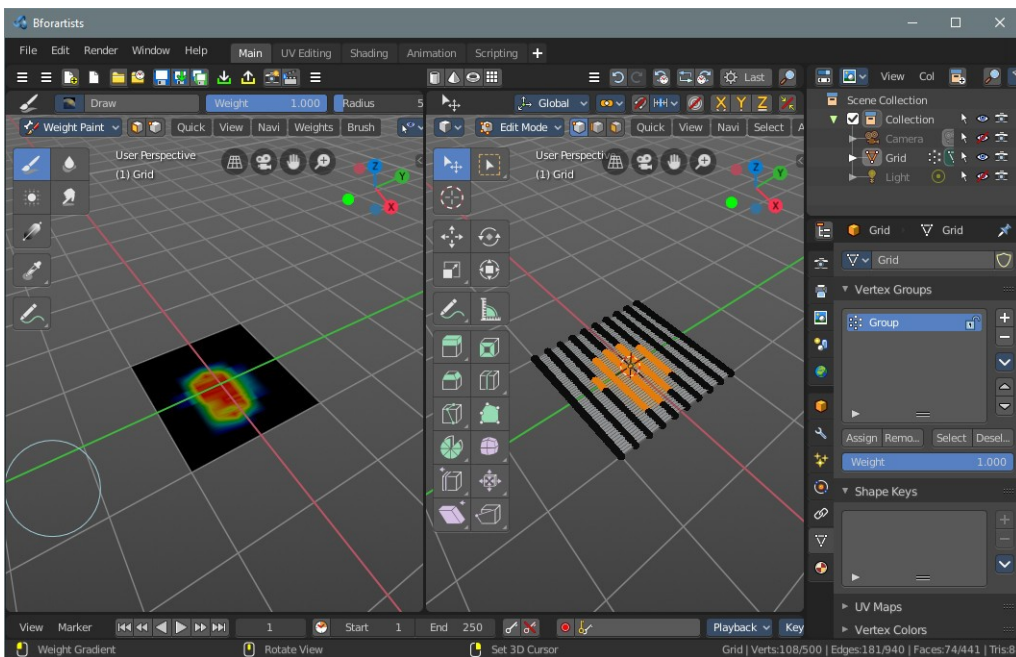
Hold down **Ctrl**, and **left click** at the bone that you want to set active. Then the weighting for this bone gets displayed.

Note that this just works when you come from Pose Mode. When you come from object mode, then you can't select another bone that way.



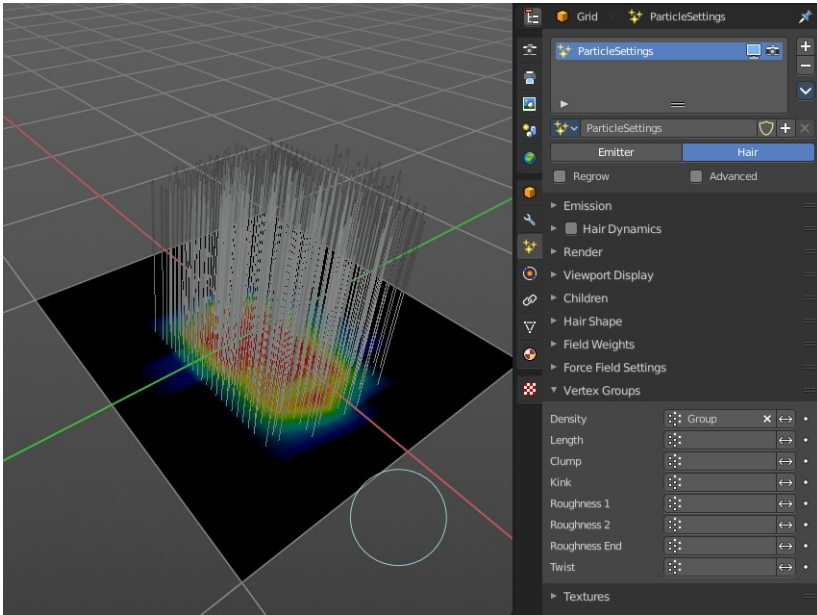
Weight painting a plain mesh

You can also do weightpainting without an armature. Just at the pure mesh. In this case you just create the vertex groups for the mesh. And those vertex groups can be accessed in edit mode then for further usage. As shown in the shots below.



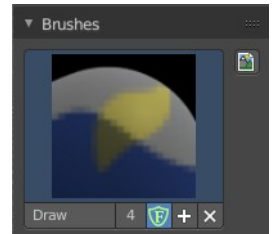
Weight painting in combination with particles

You can also combine weight painting with particles. To influence the density of hair for example. The weightmap can be assigned in the Vertex Groups panel in the Particles tab.



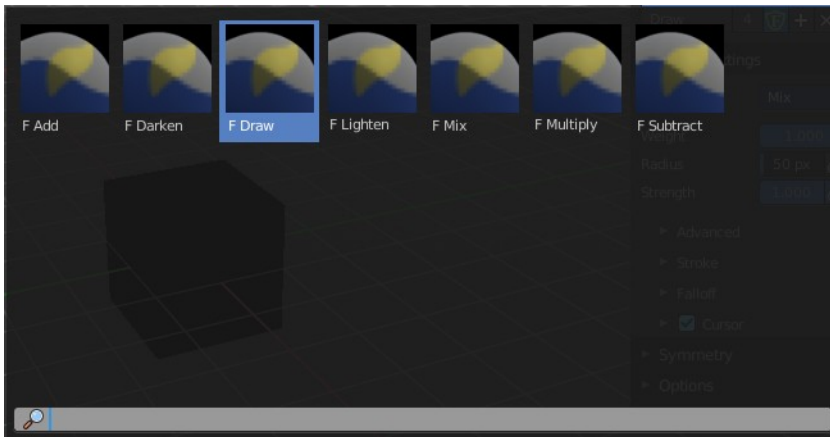
Brushes Panel

The Brush Panel contains the different Brushes and some Brush settings. Here you can choose and adjust your current active brush.



Browse Brush

The big image at the top is a dropdown box where you can choose a brush. Click at it, and you will see the different brushes. A click at one of the images will choose this brush then.



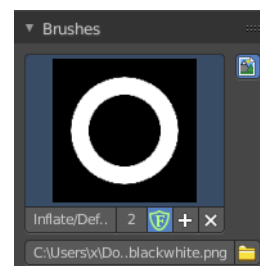
When you have added a few more brushes then the dropdown box may be more than full. You will see some little white arrows then. Either in the top left or in the bottom right corner. They indicate that some brushes are

hidden before or after the current display.

To scroll to this hidden content use the mouse wheel, or the arrow up and down buttons at the keyboard.

Custom Icon

The button at the right allows you to load a custom icon for your brush. It reveals a file browser below the image browser.



The edit box below the Image shows you the name of the current active brush.



The number right of it, **in this case 2**, indicates how much number of users (internally) this brush uses. This means that this data block (the brush) shares currently settings with at least one other object. Most probably the parent brush where we have created it from. Click at the value to make this brush a single user. The button will vanish then.

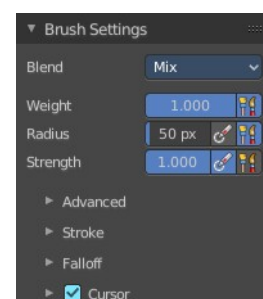
F set the brush to have a fake user. Zero user data-blocks are normally not saved. But sometimes you want to force the data to be kept even when the data block has no user.

The + button allows you to add a new pencil with the current settings. Note that the brushes are NOT saved when you close Bforartists. You can save them into the current blend file. Or you can save the startup file. But be careful here. This saves everything else of the current state of Bforartists too.

The X button deletes the brush as the active one. It does NOT delete it from the brushes list.

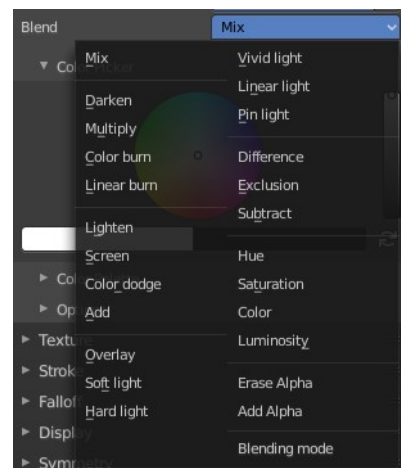
Brush Settings Panel

The Brush Settings Panel contains the Brush settings. The content differs, dependant of which brush you have chosen.



Blend

Here you can define how the stroke will blend. You can choose between various blend modes.



Weight

Here you can adjust the strength of the weight painting.

Size Pressure

The first button behind the edit box enables tablet pressure sensitivity for radius.

Radius

The Radius edit box allows you to adjust the radius of the brush. The button behind the edit box enables tablet pressure sensitivity for radius.

Size Pressure

The first button behind the edit box enables tablet pressure sensitivity for radius.

Use Unified Radius

The second button behind the edit box enables global radius size. Any modification at the radius will also modify the radius value for other paint tools.

Strength

The Strength edit box allows you to adjust the strength of the brush. The button behind the edit box enables tablet pressure sensitivity for strength.

Size Pressure

The first button behind the edit box enables tablet pressure sensitivity for radius.

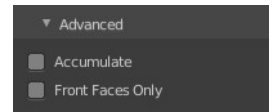
Use Unified Radius

The second button behind the edit box enables global radius size. Any modification at the radius will also modify the radius value for other paint tools.

Brush Settings Panel - Advanced Subpanel

Accumulate

Accumulate stroke daubts on top of each other.



Front Faces Only

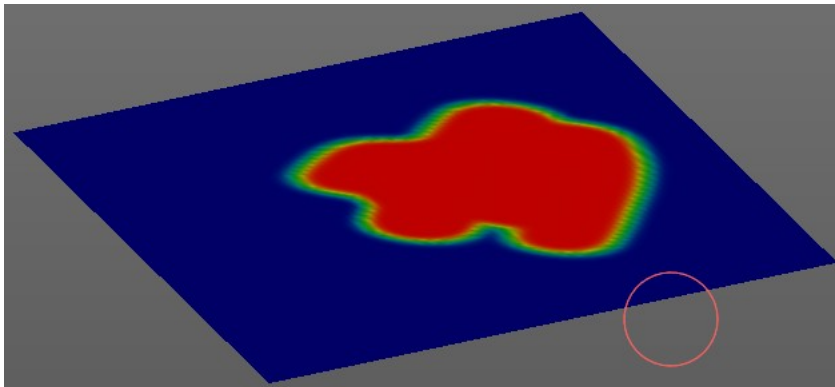
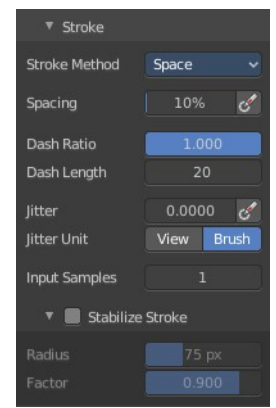
The Brush only paints at faces that faces to the view.

Brush Settings Panel - Stroke Subpanel

The Stroke panel contains settings to influence the behaviour of the brush stroke. There are various stroke methods available. We will go through them one by one.

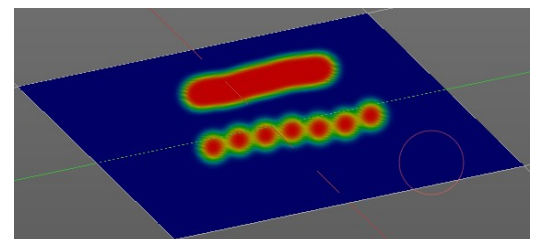
Stroke Panel with Stroke method Space

This is the default Stroke method. The sculpt stroke gets added continuously with given settings.



Spacing Edit Box

The drawing happens by mapping the pencil onto the mouse position. And when you move the mouse then the next mapping happens. Here you can adjust the spacing after what mouse movement the next mapping should happen. The lower the value, the lower the distance between the single dots.



Spacing Pressure

The icon behind the edit box enables tablet pressure sensitivity for tablets.

Dash Ratio

Ratio of samples in a cycle that the brush is enabled.

Dash Length

Length of a dash cycle measured in stroke samples.

Jitter Edit Box

Here you can add Jitter to the brush while painting.



Jitter Pressure

The icon behind the edit box enables tablet pressure sensitivity for tablets.

Jitter Unit

If the jitter happens in screen space in pixels, or relative to the brush size.

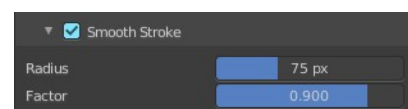
Input Samples Edit Box

Average multiple input samples together to smooth the brush stroke.



Stabilize Stroke

The brush lags behind the mouse position, and produces a much smoother stroke by that.



Smooth Stroke Radius Edit Box

Is just active when Smooth Stroke is activated. Here you can adjust the radius of the smoothing.

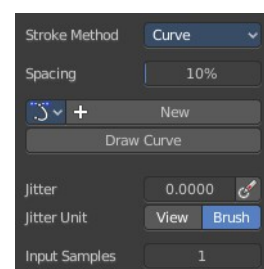
Smooth Stroke Factor Edit Box

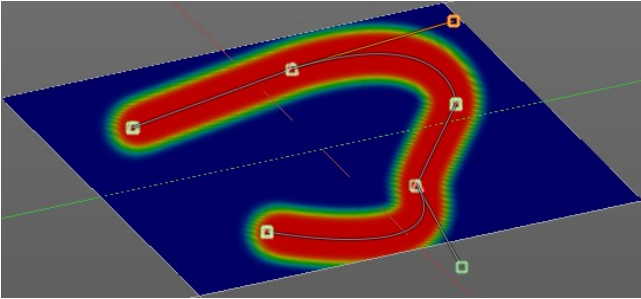
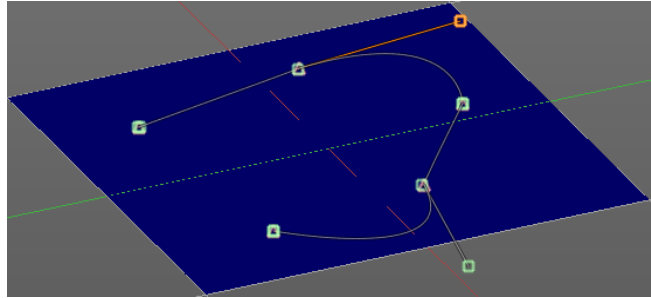
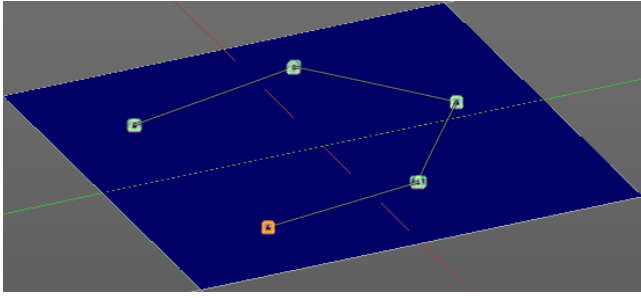
Is just active when Smooth Stroke is activated. Here you can adjust the factor of the smoothing.

Stroke Panel with Stroke method Curve

The Stroke method curve doesn't simply influence the way how the stroke is painted. It is a special method. First you draw a curve object by holding down ctrl and clicking with left mouse button. Then you tweak the curve. You can click at the curve point, and drag out handlers to make the curve points smooth.

Then you hit the Draw Curve button. And the curve gets drawn onto the surface.

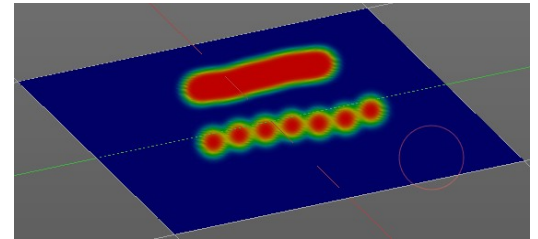




Spacing Edit Box

The drawing happens by mapping the pencil onto the mouse position. And when you move the mouse then the next mapping happens. Here you can adjust the spacing after what mouse movement the next mapping should happen. The lower the value, the lower the distance between the single dots.

The icon behind the edit box enables tablet pressure sensitivity for tablets.



Paint Curve edit box

Here you set the active curve.

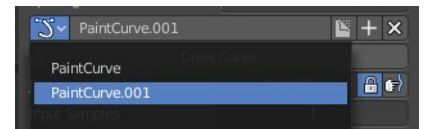
The first element is a dropdown box where you will find your curves objects. You can have more than one.

The second element is the edit box that displays the active curve.

The number right of it, **in this case 2**, indicates how much number of users (internally) this brush uses. This means that this data block (the brush) shares currently settings with at least one other object. Most probably the parent brush where we have created it from. Click at the value to make this brush a single user. The button will vanish then.

F set the brush to have a fake user. Zero user data-blocks are normally not saved. But sometimes you want to force the data to be kept even when the data block has no user.

The + button allows you to add a new pencil with the current settings. Note that the brushes are NOT saved when you close Bforartists. You can save them into the current blend file. Or you can save the startup file. But be careful here. This saves everything else of the current state of Bforartists too.



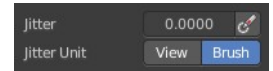
The X button deletes the brush as the active one. It does NOT delete it from the brushes list.

Draw Curve Button

A click at it to turns the curve into a sculpt stroke.

Jitter Edit Box

Here you can add Jitter to the brush while painting.



Jitter Pressure

The icon behind the edit box enables tablet pressure sensitivity for tablets.

Jitter Unit

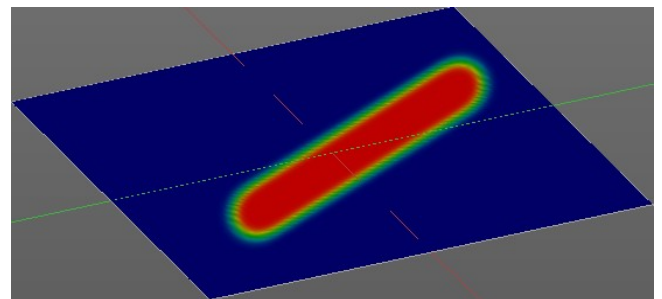
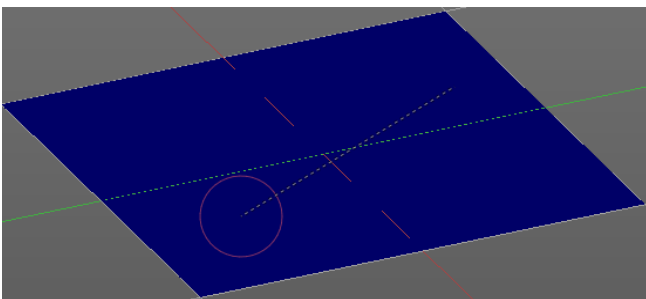
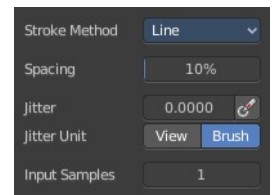
If the jitter happens in screen space in pixels, or relative to the brush size.

Input Samples Edit Box

Average multiple input samples together to smooth the brush stroke.

Stroke Panel with Stroke method Line

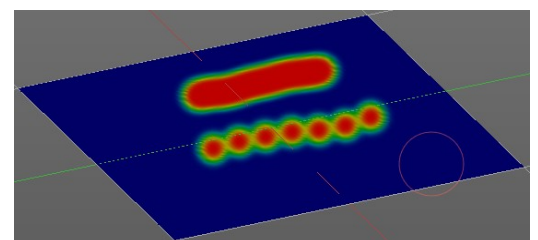
With Stroke method line you draw a line between a starting point and a endpoint. And when you release the mouse then the line gets sculpted.



Spacing Edit Box

The sculpt drawing happens by mapping the pencil onto the mouse position. And when you move the mouse then the next mapping happens. Here you can adjust the spacing after what mouse movement the next mapping should happen. The lower the value, the lower the distance between the single dots.

The icon behind the edit box enables tablet pressure sensitivity for tablets.



Jitter Edit Box

Here you can add Jitter to the brush while painting.



Jitter Pressure

The icon behind the edit box enables tablet pressure sensitivity for tablets.

Jitter Unit

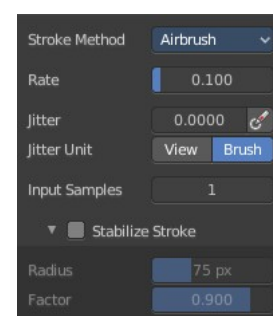
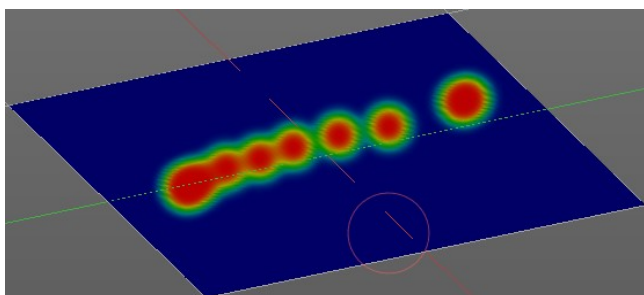
If the jitter happens in screen space in pixels, or relative to the brush size.

Input Samples Edit Box

Average multiple input samples together to smooth the brush stroke.

Stroke Panel with Stroke method Airbrush

The stroke acts like an airbrush pencil. The dots gets sprayed randomly.



Rate Edit Box

Here you can define the rate of the drawing.

Jitter Edit Box

Here you can add Jitter to the brush while painting.



Jitter Pressure

The icon behind the edit box enables tablet pressure sensitivity for tablets.

Jitter Unit

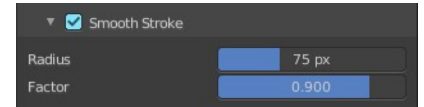
If the jitter happens in screen space in pixels, or relative to the brush size.

Input Samples Edit Box

Average multiple input samples together to smooth the brush stroke.

Smooth Stroke

The brush lags behind the mouse position, and produces a much smoother stroke by that.



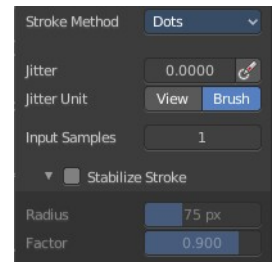
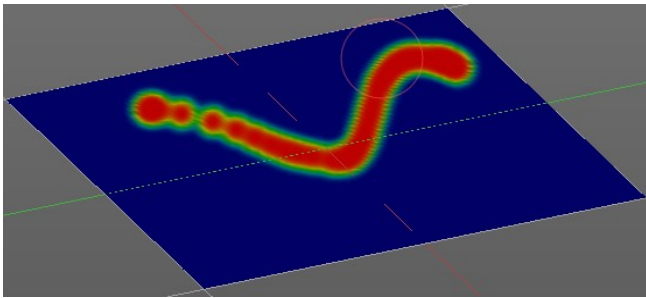
Smooth Stroke Radius Edit Box

Is just active when Smooth Stroke is activated. Here you can adjust the radius of the smoothing.

Smooth Stroke Factor Edit Box

Is just active when Smooth Stroke is activated. Here you can adjust the factor of the smoothing.

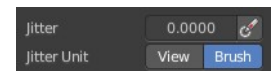
Stroke Panel with Stroke method Dots



The stroke method Dots draws dots of the pencil onto the surface. The mapping happens from the current view. Means you will get distortions when your view is not aligned with the surface of the object.

Jitter Edit Box

Here you can add Jitter to the brush while painting.



Jitter Pressure

The icon behind the edit box enables tablet pressure sensitivity for tablets.

Jitter Unit

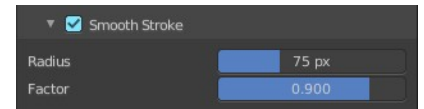
If the jitter happens in screen space in pixels, or relative to the brush size.

Input Samples Edit Box

Average multiple input samples together to smooth the brush stroke.

Stabilize Stroke

The brush lags behind the mouse position, and produces a much smoother stroke by that.



Smooth Stroke Radius Edit Box

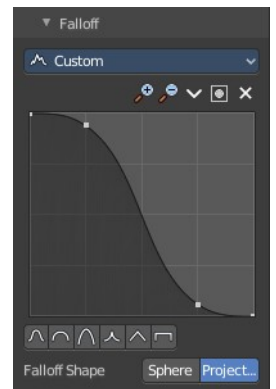
Is just active when Smooth Stroke is activated. Here you can adjust the radius of the smoothing.

Smooth Stroke Factor Edit Box

Is just active when Smooth Stroke is activated. Here you can adjust the factor of the smoothing.

Brush Settings Panel - Falloff Subpanel

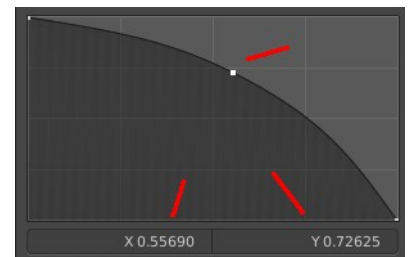
The Falloff panel allows you to define different falloffs methods for the border of the brush.



Selecting Points

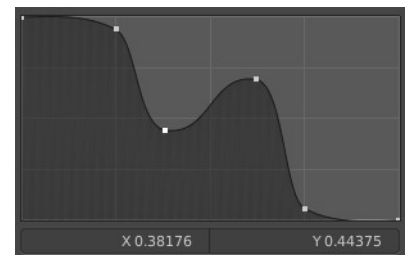
You can select curve points. This reveals two edit boxes for the x and y coordinate of this point.

Selected points can be moved around. Left click at them, hold the mouse button down and move them to a new location.



Adding Points

You can add new curve points by simply left clicking at the curve. Move the mouse to position them where you need it.



Navigation elements

The navigation elements at the top are described from left to right.



Zoom in and out

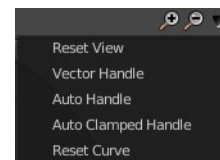
The two buttons with the magnifying glass at it zooms in and out in the curve window.

Tools

Tools is a menu where you can find some cuve related tools.

Reset View

Resets the curve windows zoom.



Vector Handle

Set handle type to Vector.

Auto Handle

Set handle type to Auto.

Auto Clamped Handle

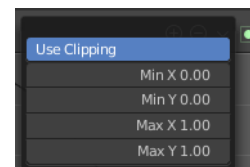
Set handle type to Auto Clamped.

Reset Curve

Resets the curve to the initial shape.

Use Clipping

Clipping options. Here you can set up clipping for the stroke. The blue button at the top turns clipping on or off.



Delete Points

Deletes the selected curve point.

Curve Presets

Here you can find some predefined curve presets.



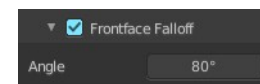
Falloff Shape

Use projected or spherical falloff.



Frontface Falloff

Blend brush influence by how much they face the front.

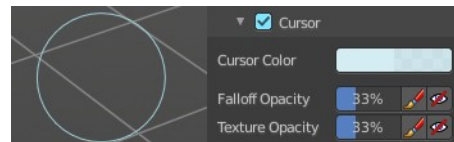


Angle

Paint most on faces pointing towards the view according to this angle.

Brush Settings Panel - Cursor Subpanel

Here you can adjust the color and appearance of the brush cursor to custom values.



Cursor Checkbox

Activate the custom settings.

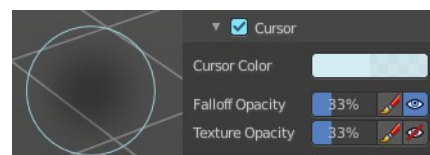
Cursor Color

Here you can choose another color for the brush cursor. Double clicking at the color field will open a color picker.



Falloff Opacity

You can turn on the cursor overlay with the eye button at the end. The falloff opacity slider allows you to adjust the opacity of this cursor overlay.



Override Overlay

Hide the Cursor Overlay when painting.

Use Cursor Overlay

Turn on Cursor Overlay.

Texture Opacity

This is for the case when you paint with a texture brush. You can turn on the Texture overlay with the eye button at the end. The falloff opacity slider allows you to adjust the opacity of this cursor overlay.

Override Overlay

Hide the Texture Overlay when painting.

Use Cursor Overlay

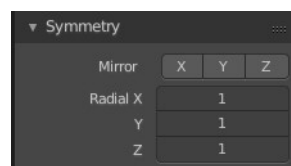
Turn on Texture Overlay.

Symmetry Panel

Mirror

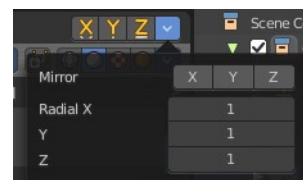
Mirror along given axis.

The same buttons plus the whole Symmetry Lock Panel as a dropdown menu can also be found in the tool settings bar as icon buttons. This allows quicker access and better



Radial

Tiling. The number of times to repeat the strokes across the surface.



Options Panel

Auto Normalize

Ensure that all bone deforming vertex groups adds up to 1.0 while weight painting.

Multi Paint

Paint across the weights of all selected bones, maintaining their relative influence.

Restrict

Restrict painting to vertices in the group.

X Mirror

X Axis Mirror Editing.

Topology Mirror

Needs X Mirror ticked. Use topology based mirroring. For when both sides of the mesh have matching, unique topology.

